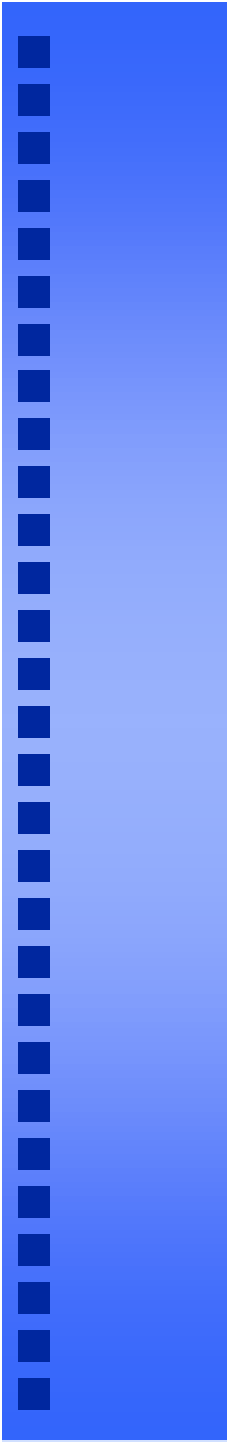




# **State Policy Framework for Effective Technology Use**

**Chris Dede**

Harvard University



# State Technology Policies to Improve Student Learning and Standards-based Reform

- Categorizing and charting the evolution of State technology policy
- Linking technology policy to overall strategic planning to improve education
- Self-assessment by State policymakers
- Providing a common framework for dialogue among States

# Core Policy Themes

- Student Standards and Assessments
- Teacher/Educator Standards, Assessments, Professional Development, and Assistance
- Electronic Networks for Information Exchange, Collaboration, and Distance Education
- Support for Administration and Data-Driven Decision Making
- Guidelines for Facilities Design, Equipment, Software, Connectivity, and Infrastructure; Funding Support for Technology Acquisition
- Evaluation, Research, Development, and Dissemination



# Essential Questions & Indicators

## *Illustrative Essential Question*

Are technology tools and services used as a vehicle for ongoing improvement of student learning and assessment?

## *Illustrative Indicators*

- State provides online resources for model curriculum units and lesson plans linking state content standards and student assessments
- State assessment strategies exemplify effective use of technology for assessment
- State provides incentives to develop virtual learning environments for students who have difficulty obtaining access to classroom settings



# Assessment Criteria for State Policies and Plans

## *Evolutionary Coherence*

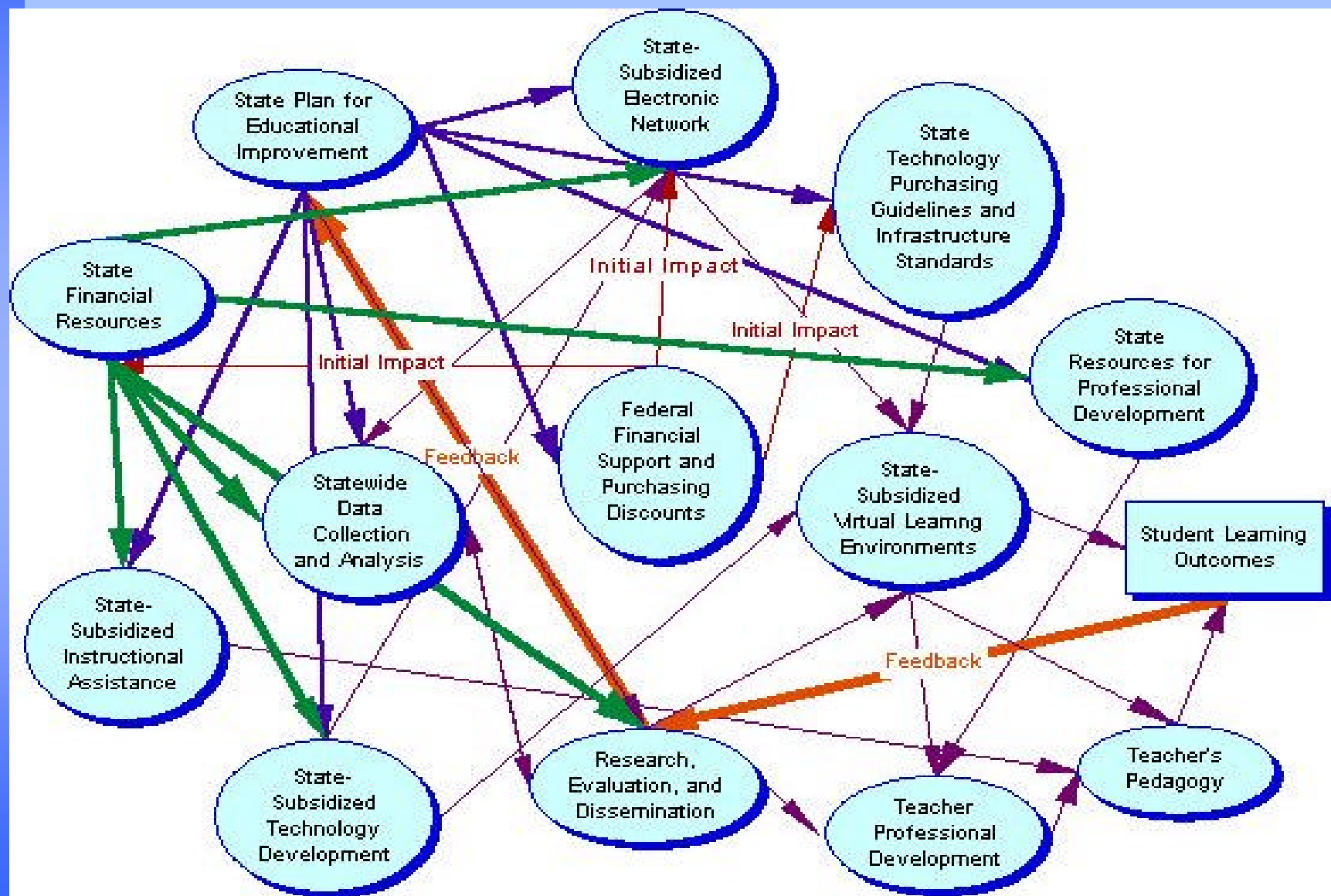
- ✓ Completeness
- ✓ Consistency
- ✓ Resonance
- ✓ Balance
- ✓ Progression
- ✓ Practicality



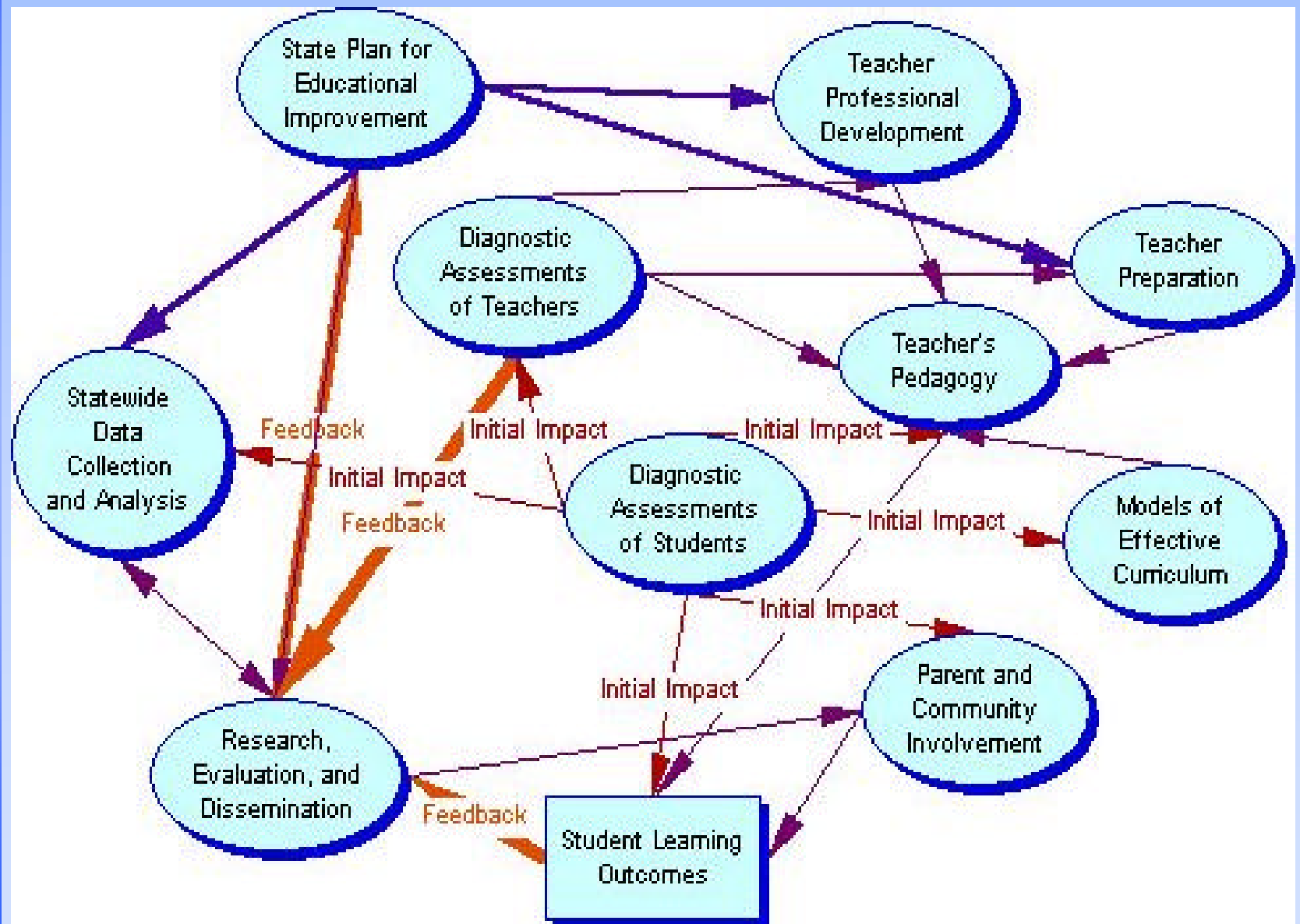
# Illustrative Issues for Examining A State Plan

- Are the major current State educational initiatives empowered by the full range of policies that enable them?
- Are interconnections among policies articulated to maximize complementarity and harmonization?
- Is the proportion of State and local responsibility and power consistent with the regional political culture?
- Does the plan have an evolving definition of success?

# Policy Interrelationships: E-rate



# Interrelationships: Assessment



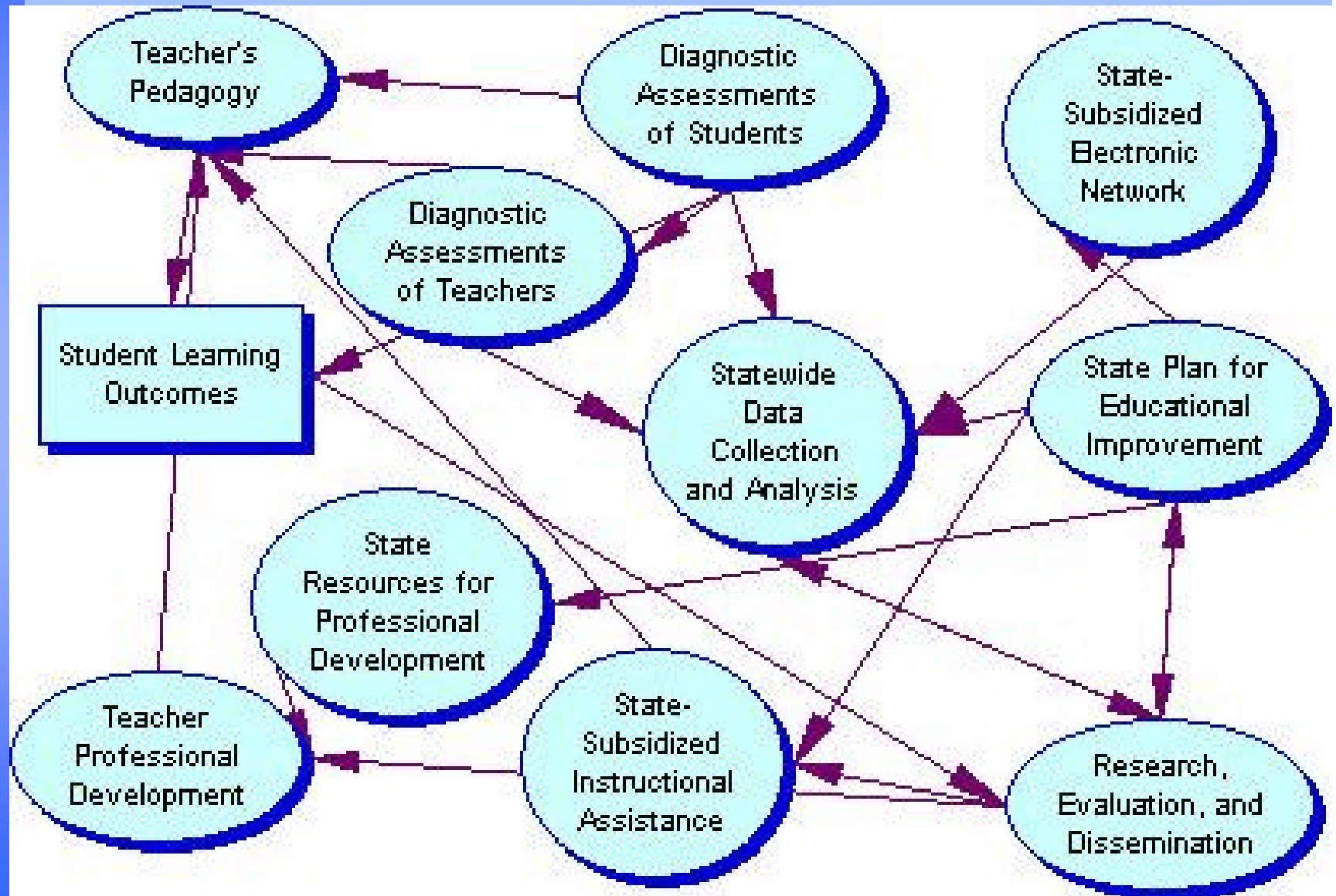


# Meeting the Challenge of Assessment via Multiple Measures of Performance

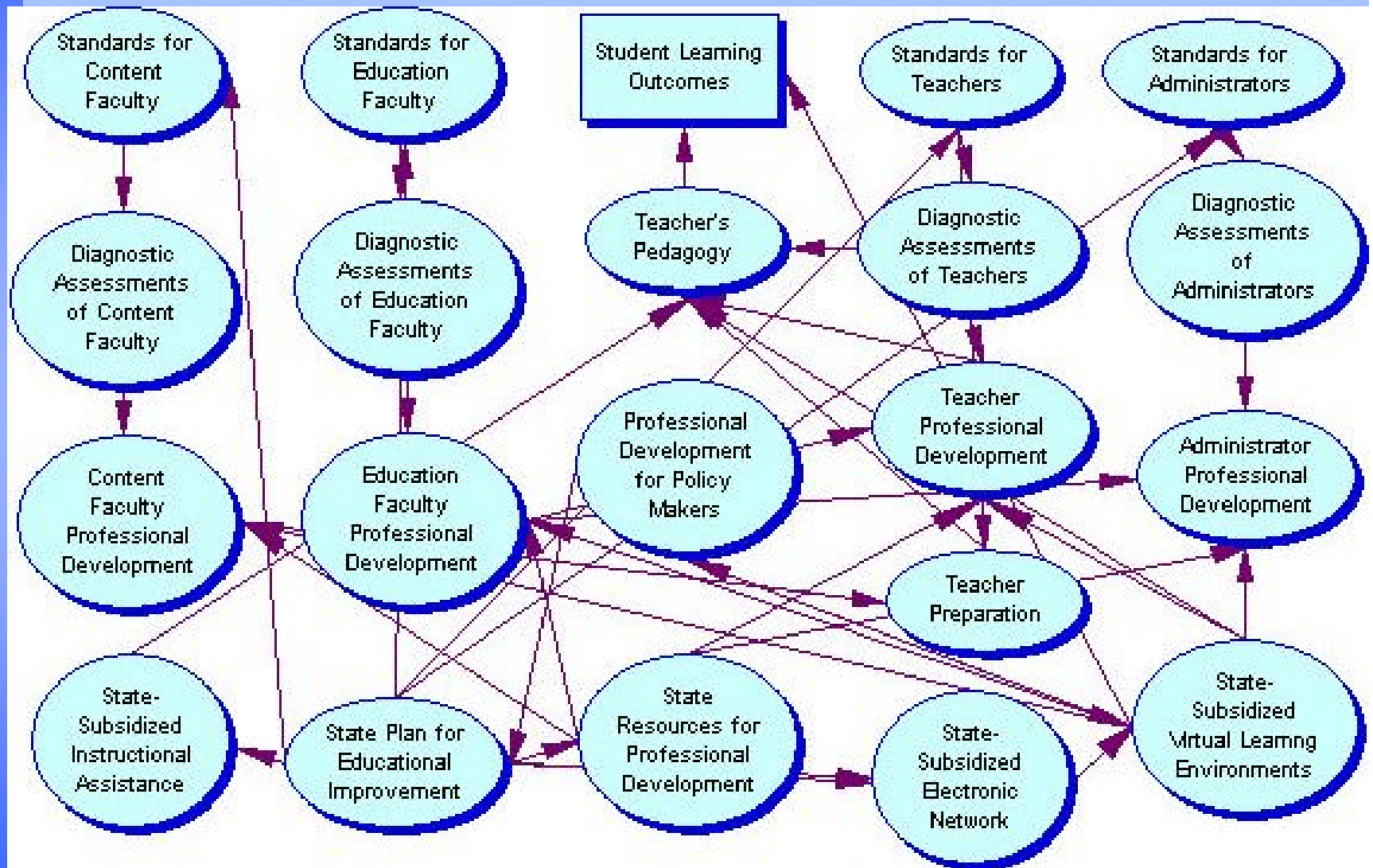
Five Types of evidence      *easiest to hardest*

- motivation
- complex content earlier in curriculum
- sophisticated workplace skills
- success for all students
- better outcomes on standardized tests

# Interrelationships: Data



# Interrelationships: Development



# Meeting the Challenge of Pedagogy via “Unlearning”

- ❑ Developing fluency in using emerging interactive media
- ❑ Complementing presentational instruction with collaborative inquiry-based learning
- ❑ **Unlearning** almost unconscious assumptions and beliefs and values about the nature of teaching, learning, and schooling

**crucial issue for professional development**



# Providing On-going Support for Teachers

- **Cohorts of teachers** master what they need, when they need it
- **Partners outside of the school** work together with educators to share responsibility for students' learning
- **Partners and teachers share** a common context for expression, collaboration, design
- **Virtual communities** provide intellectual, emotional and social support



## Next Steps in Evolving this Policy Tool

- ❖ Include policy examples from various States that provide specific illustrations and benchmarks
- ❖ Validate the overall model through application to several States exemplifying a wide range of policy settings